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REVIEW

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ENGLISH NATION.

Tuesday, January 7. 1706.

HE last Paper enter'd upon the Debate about the Salt Tax, and stated the Objections not of the Scots, but of English Men infusing eternal Cavils into the Heads of the ignorant Common People of Scotland.

The next Article is the Excise, wherein the poor Scots People allarm themselves with Notions, that the small Ale sold there at 1 d, the Choppin or English Quart, by Retail, shall be tax'd after the Union, equally with the English Beer or Ale sold for 2 d. and 4 d. a Quart.

By my Calculation the State of this Dispute lies thus, and I doubt not, will admit of a fair Explanation before the Union is concluded.

The English Beer and Ale is fold to the Retailer from 20 to 25 s. per Barrel of 36

Gallons, tho' gaug'd in the Tax at 34, which is so much Loss to the Brewer.

The small Beer is sold at ro to 12s the same Barrel, and England knows no Sorts between these two, nor is there any Rate of Excise between them, the one paying 4s. 9d. the other 1s. 3d. per Barrel, rebating for Leakage two Barrels and a half in 22.

To bring this to a Proportion, I make it out, that the two-penny Ale, as they call it in Scotland, is fold for very little, if any thing, more than our small Beer, and can be rated at very little more than the Excise of small Beer.

The English Barrel of 36 Gallons is sold for 10 to 12 s. The Scots two-penny Aleis sold to the Retailer in Scotland for a Mark Scots per Gallon, which is 13 d. : English;

So

to that the Scots Ale is fold for 13 s. 4d. . sterl. per Barrel English Measure at Edinburgh, and in some Places cheaper.

Now all the Question turns upon this Nicety, whither 3 s. 6 d. Duty shall be demanded of the Scots for the Difference of 1 s. 4 d. \(\frac{1}{2} \) per Barrel, in the Price or Value of the Drigk.

It is plem, here the firong Beer pays no more than 4 s. 9 d. tho' it be made of double Strength, and should fell for double Price.

By the same Proportion, all Beer or Ale, the something above the Rate of small Beer, ought not to pay as strong Beer, unless it bear some Proportion to the Price and Goodness of Rung—This is so evident, that one Clause in an Act of Parliament in Scotland to explain it, and state the Proportion, will make it effectually easies, nor will England scruple a thing of so much Justice.

Bither the Beer must pay, as small Beer in England pays, which is nearest the Proportion, or there will be a middle Rate stated, proportion d to its Advancement in

Value above the Imall Beer.

Our Englife Act of Parliament confines the Word (mail Beer to 6 s. Beer, and yet 'tis fold for 12 s. and the Excise not rais'd; and it cannot be feared, that it should be called firong Beer in Section of for some a Difference.

Again, let us take it another Way, and it folk for less than the English imall Beer.

as follows.

The Inglift small Beer at 121, per Barrel, take the Bucife off felts to the Brewer

for vox 9 h

The Store Ale pays 2 d per Gallon Store Measure, which is 2 d per barrel, and is therefore News to the Brower 11 s. 4 d out of which they pay to the City of Edinburgh another Duty of 124 d per Barrel; it in the Country the City Fax is not paid, then the Ale is fold cheaper; so that every Way the Brower in Scotland has very little, it any thing, more for his Ale, than our Browers have for their small Beer.

chiconnor therefore pay as firong Beer a thou-bould be expresly against the Treaty of Equality, say they, it must either then be brought to an exact Calculation, or a Clause may be form'd to allow the Brewer

in Scotland to brew his Ale into Arong and small, as in England, and then reduce them into one Head of midling Ale by a Mixture, the said Mixture to be restrin'd by A& of Parliament.

Mixtures are entirely disallow'd in England, says the Objector, and you cannot expect them in Scotland; because it would be subjecting the whole Excise in Britain to unusual and indeed innumerable Consusions, they have been avoided as the back Doors to let in all Manner of Frauds, which the Excise Office has been so many Years warding against, have obtained so many Clauses, Acts and Amendments against, and such Pains and Penalties upor.

The proper Remedy for this, and which the Parliament of Scotland feem enclin'd to ftand upon, is built on the Justice of the Treaty, viz. That the Subjects shall pay equal Taxes, and enjoy equal Privileges with one another; and upon this the Scale of Proportion is the most just Method to go by, and by that Scale the following Proposal has been thought of there, Viz. That there be a Clause, by way of Explanation, made in this Form.

And whereas the several Duties or Excise in England are levied only on two Denominations of Beer and Ale, (viz.) on small and frong, the said Denominations being rated by the Value, that is to say, Small Beer fold by the common Brewer at 6 s. per Barrel exclusive of the Excise, and commonly call'd 6 s. Beer, and strong Beer or Ale sold by the common Brewer at 20 s. per Barrel and upwards inclusive of the Excise.

And whereas the Ale or Drink commonly call'd Two-Penny Ale in Scotland, and which is fold by the common Brewer ac 6 s. 9. d. Steel. fer Barrel English Measure exclusive of the Excise, cannot by a just Proportion be esteemed as strong Beer or Ale within the Meaning of the several Laws of Excise now in Force in England, as not coming up to near the Value of the faid Drink, called strong Driak commonly fold for 13 s. 3 d. /er Barrel in England exclusive of the said Excise.

The Ettages, Or. Enach, that the faid Ale call'd two penny Ale, and so much of it only as thall be fold by the common

Brewer

Brewer for 103. per Barrel English Measure or under, shall be and be understood to be midling Ale, and shall pay Excise in Proportion to the Difference in Value, between the faid two-penny Ale and the faid 6 s Beer in England, which Difference by an exact Calculation amounts to per Barrel upon the faid two-penny Ale and no more,

and that Ale, Beer or Ale brewed in Scotland, and fold by the common Brewer'shove the the Rate of 10 s. per Barrel. exclusive of the Excise as aforesaid, thall be and be understood as strong Beer or Ale, and shall pay Excile as such, according to the Rates, Ulage, and Customs of Eng-

MISCELLANEA.

T Am forry, this Part of my Work must be oblig'd to be ever purfuing Mifreprefentations and falle Reports ---- We are now told, that in Scotland the Treaty of Union will come to nothing; for they are mixing it with fo many Referves, Amendments and Alterations, that we shall not

know it again, when we fee it.

To back this, they tell us, the Party against it there are strong and numerous, they are too many out of the House, and too curning in its they carry their Points by Silence and Management, and if they can clog the Treaty, so as to make it unsit for England to close with it, they do their Work as well, and better, than if the Mob had done it for for them.

I shall not run on here to enlarge upon these Rhodomontades, they are, tis true, the Language, the Hopes, and the only remaining Prospects of those that aim at the Deftruction of the Union- But I shall in a few Words dash all this new erected Fabrick to peices, by telling you, faving my pre-judging the Parliament of England as to their Opinion. I fee nothing in all the A-mendments made to the Treaty in Scotland, that is any thing difficult for England to grant, that breaks in upon the Trade of either Nicion, or that makes a Rupture in the Article of Equalities.

Scothend is young in Trade, and requires more Tendernels in these Cases; than some People expect, and if the Scale of Trade be right placed, perhaps it may be feen more reasonable to make Abatements in some Cales than ordinary; those People therefore that feem fo uncalle at the Alterations and Amendments of the Treaty, would do wolf to examine these Alterations, and on search perhaps they will find them either not confiderable in their Confequences, or very reasonable in their Nature --- And if these two Heads or either of them be confidend, I believe, every honest Man will wish and hope for both Kingdoms, that in a Matter of fuch Confequence as this is, neither Side will lay great Stress upon Matters inconsiderable or unregionable.

Thus far in general upon the Head of Alterations, it is not for me to undertake the Reasons or Amendments, pass'd; but perhaps I may a little undertake to examine; whether the Mountains, some would raise from them, are so lignificant, as they would

have us believe.

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